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9	Contractors Tvational Association, inc.	
10	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
11	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
12		
13	PUBLIC.RESOURCE.ORG	Case No. cv-13-0815 (SC)
14	Plaintiff,	
15	vs.	DECLARATION OF VINCENT R.
16	SHEET METAL AND AIR	SANDUSKY IN SUPPORT OF PARTIAL OPPOSITION TO
17	CONDITIONING CONTRACTORS'	PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR
18	NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, INC.	DEFAULT JUDGMENT AND IN OPPOSITION TO REQUEST FOR
19	Defendant.	ATTORNEYS' FEES
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21	I, Vincent R. Sandusky, declare pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1746 as follows:	
22	1. I am the Chief Executive Officer of the Sheet Metal & Air	
23		
24	Conditioning Contractors' National Association (SMACNA).	
25	2. SMACNA is a non-profit, international association of sheet metal	
26	contractors that develops and publishes technical standards, safety guidelines and	
27	Baradines and	
28	Declaration of Vincent R. Sandusky in Support of Partial Opposition to Motion for Default Judgment and in Opposition to Request for Attorneys' Fees Case No. C-13-0815 sf-3296522	

manuals for its members, and provides labor-management relations services, business management education, public policy advocacy and industry promotion activities.

- 3. SMACNA customarily files for copyrights on its published materials with the United States Copyright Office. SMACNA receives revenue from selling these copyrighted materials. In keeping with this practice, SMACNA obtained a registered copyright in its 1985 HVAC Air Duct Leakage Test Manual (hereafter, the "Disputed Copyrighted Publication") and sold copies of that publication to its members and to the general public. The Disputed Copyrighted Publication bore a copyright notice and a notice that it could not be reproduced in any form without the prior written permission of the publisher. SMACNA no longer sells the Disputed Copyrighted Publication, because it has been superseded by other publications.
- 4. While SMACNA has proven itself as an industry-leading authority in heating, ventilation, and air conditioning technical and safety matters, SMACNA does not publish its materials with the exclusive or primary goal that any legislative or regulatory body incorporate the materials into the law.
- 5. As a non-profit organization, SMACNA seeks to safeguard its assets, serve its members, and mitigate unnecessary business expenses that undermine its mission. For example, SMACNA seeks to protect its copyrighted publications because SMACNA understands that infringement of its material(s) adversely affects

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SMACNA's revenue stream and sustained viability. However, SMACNA's protection of its copyrights does not overshadow SMACNA's focus on its core mission to its members.

- SMACNA must make difficult decisions based on its limited 6. resources. In this case, Plaintiff apparently is a well-funded organization with a principal and attorneys intent on pursuing public policy change via litigation. The article from Bloomberg Businessweek attached hereto as Exhibit A summarizes my current understanding plaintiff goals and tactics. of and its http://www.businessweek.com/articles/2012-04-12/one-mans-quest-to-makeinformation-free When Plaintiff filed its lawsuit for declaratory relief, SMACNA found itself in a no-win situation. It could protect its copyright in an outdated publication by expending hundreds of thousands of dollars against opponents with enormous resources, or simply default.
- 7. SMACNA decided that while it vehemently disagrees with Plaintiff's arguments, the cost of defending the continuing copyright in the Disputed Copyrighted Publication exceeded the value of that publication to SMACNA. Accordingly, the only viable option not to waste its fixed organizational resources was to default, even though I felt we had a strong legal case against Plaintiff and could have counterclaimed for copyright infringement.
- 8. SMACNA has no intention of pursuing litigation against Plaintiff related to the subject matter of this litigation, which I thought was made clear by

SMACNA's counsel informing the Plaintiff that SMACNA would not respond to the Complaint. SMACNA simply sought the lowest cost manner in which to end the litigation, especially in light of Plaintiff's apparent goal of litigating public policy change.

- 9. Had Plaintiff requested a license to use the Disputed Copyrighted Material or requested a covenant not to sue from SMACNA, SMACNA would have agreed. Instead, Plaintiff unnecessarily filed a voluminous brief with the Court and now seeks to assess its attorneys' fees against SMACNA.
- 10. In any event, to be absolutely clear, as an authorized agent of SMACNA, I hereby enter into a binding obligation on behalf of SMACNA that it will not pursue litigation against Plaintiff based on copyright infringement of the Disputed Copyrighted Publication. To the extent any additional legal documentation is deemed necessary by the Court or Plaintiff to effectuate this binding obligation on SMACNA, I agree to promptly execute and provide such reasonable documentation upon request.

I declare under penalty of perjury of the laws of the United States of America that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed this 44 day of June, 2013

Vincent R. Sandusky

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